University of Cambridge

MUSEUM OF GENERAL AND LOCAL ARCHAEOLOGY
AND OF ETHNOLOGY

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

ANTIQUARIAN COMMITTEE

TO THE

SENATE

May 29, 1908

Museum Issue
With Six Plates

Reprinted from the Cambridge University Reporter
1908
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## LIST OF PLATES

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NOTE

An important innovation has been made in this year’s report by the introduction of illustrations. For four of these plates the Museum is indebted to the Council of the Royal Anthropological Institute, for two to the Council of the Cambridge Antiquarian Society who have kindly placed their blocks at the disposal of the Committee, and the cost of one plate has been defrayed by the Curator. It is hoped that this may prove but a first instalment and that figures of many of the more noteworthy objects preserved in the Museum may thus eventually be published.

A revised copy of the circular issued on behalf of the New Museum Building Fund by the University Association, will be found appended to the Report.

August 1908.
THE ANTIQUARIAN COMMITTEE beg leave to present their Twenty-third Annual Report to the Senate.

NEW MUSEUM. It is most gratifying to the Committee, in issuing the present Report, to be able to record important donations to the Building Fund. The sum of four thousand pounds has been given “in memory of Walter K. Foster” by four members of his family*. The gift was announced by the Vice-Chancellor in the Reporter of February 18. By this addition to the fund the time at which building operations may actually be commenced should be brought appreciably nearer. Detailed plans and estimates are being considered by the Building Syndicate. It would be a fitting commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the opening of the present Museum to lay the foundation stone of the new building in 1909.

FITTINGS. Ethnological Galleries. The large ethnological case in the centre of the West Gallery, which for want of means had to be erected piece-meal during the last two years, has been completed. Its fittings still remain to be added before it can be brought into use.

Two sections of the old wall-cases in the Long Gallery have been refitted to provide accommodation for the steadily growing collection of preserved human heads and decorated skulls from various countries.

WORK DONE. The work of mounting and providing with permanent labels the smaller local and foreign antiquities has been continued, and most of the objects forming part of the original collection of the Cambridge Antiquarian Society have now been dealt with, as well as the greater portion of the more recent accessions.

Some fine examples of decorated Saxon urns and several Roman vessels have been restored in the Museum, and a large number of other objects have been cleaned and repaired.

ACCESSIONS. The thanks of the Committee are again due to those who have subscribed to the Accessions Fund, and a special mention must be made of the continued liberality of Professor Bevan and of the Cambridge Antiquarian Society. These contributions enabled the Curator to secure many valuable acquisitions; but the number of subscribers remains very small, and it is much to be wished that more members of the University would come forward with even small subscriptions to the Fund. Further support is necessary if the many gaps in the collections are ever to be filled. Objects are not only becoming scarcer through the rapid destruction of native arts in all parts of the world, but as the number of public and private collectors increases, the competition becomes keener every day, and the market value is being continually raised.

A most noteworthy addition has been made to the Collection of early British pottery by the Curator, Baron A. von Hugel. It consists of a highly decorated and admirably preserved example of the rare mug-shaped type of vessel (from Fordham, Cambridgeshire), of which not half-a-dozen examples have so far been recorded.

I. Archaeological: 1. Local. The series of stone implements has been considerably extended during the past year, thanks chiefly to the Cambridge Antiquarian Society’s grant. Among the most interesting additions may be mentioned: a fine dagger-blade with nicked sides, the largest example of this British form which has come to light in this neighbourhood in recent years; a fair number of celts, borers, fabricators, etc.; and a carefully selected series of arrow-heads, including examples of practically all the known English forms.

* In 1891, Mr Walter K. Foster bequeathed to the University his valuable collection of British and Foreign Antiquities together with his Archaeological Library. (Reporter, 1891—92, p. 93.)
To the Rev. W. G. Searle, M.A., the Museum is indebted for a fine example in jadeite of the highly polished variety of celt, which was found some six years ago at Histon, near Cambridge. It is the first example recorded from the Eastern Counties.

Of the Bronze Period: an unusually small dagger-blade, with perforated, expanding base; three celts, one decorated; and a diminutive chisel, likewise procured by means of the Society’s grant.

Little pottery has come in during the past year, and only a few isolated pieces have been obtained, the most noteworthy of which are a large Roman urn from Denton, Lincolnshire, and a large mediaeval jug in perfect condition from Chesterton.

A number of decorated Saxon cinerary urns, found in local burial grounds including an exceptionally fine example, with raised ribs, have been skillfully restored and placed with the collections.

J. E. L. Whitehead, M.A., Town Clerk, has kindly added a Georgian wooden pottle, inscribed “Cambridge,” to the series of local weights and measures.

2. General. An oak stake, found in situ in the bed of the river Thames at Brentford, and supposed to have formed part of the ancient British palisades defending the great ford there, has been presented by Montagu Sharp, Esq. (see Archaeological Journal, 1906, p. 25).

An interesting collection of antiquities found in a Roman villa at Combe Down, Bath, between 1860 and 1870, including some well-preserved iron-implements, tiles, and a quantity of pottery (mostly fragmentary), illustrative of a considerable variety of ware, has been presented by G. E. Cruickshank, M.A., St John’s College.

Several valuable antiquities from the Puy-de-Dome district have been added to the Continental Series by means of Mrs Walter K. Foster’s subscription. They include: a large, bason-shaped bowl of moulded fine red “Samian” with potter’s stamp cognic within a double lined ring, from the Roman kilns of Lezoux; a small, two-handled, urn-shaped vessel decorated with raised medallions, from Chamalieres; an ornate example of a bronze implement, of the kind usually known as “pastry-cutters,” but possibly used for the decoration of leather; and three bronze “cloak-fasteners” from Gergovia (site of the famous Gaulish town), near Clermont-Ferrand; and a large Merovingian buckle of bronze (tinned), with interlaced pattern, from Soissons.

J. E. Foster, M.A., has presented a valuable set, likewise from the Puy-de-Dome district, of decorated bosses, in bronze and brass, comprising Roman, mediaeval, and later examples, and a number of 17th century ornate iron keys from the Compagnon Collection.

A second series of iron keys, mainly of the 17th century, and an interesting set of objects—survivals of a fast disappearing age—collected in farm houses in the same district, have been given by the Baroness Anatole von Hugel.

Some interesting additions have been made to the small collection of American Antiquities. A. P. Maudslay, M.A., has given fourteen stone celts, a number of polished stone beads, etc.; Major-General Lord Ralph Kerr, C.B., a set of ornate earthenware vessels from Colombia; and the Curator a socketed head of a staff with semi-detached figures moulded in copper from Peru.

II. Ethnological: Asia. A collection of miscellaneous objects, mainly from India, for domestic and ceremonial use, formed by the donor and her husband, the late Professor Bendall, has been presented by Mrs Bendall.

Korea is at length represented in the Museum by a fine stone bowl and other objects, presented by Professor Bevan.

Africa. An exceptionally valuable collection has been received from the Rev. J. Roscoe, C.M.S., of Uganda. It includes the relics of the War-God of the Baganda, Kibuka, from his ruined shrine in the Mawokota district; four labare, containing the relics of deceased kings; and a selection of dairy utensils, personal ornaments, charms, weapons, etc., of the Bahima (a Cow tribe of Enkole), and of neighbouring tribes. The special thanks of the University
have been given to Mr Roscoe for this most valuable gift (Grace 3, Feb. 13, 1908, Reporter, p. 602).

A set of Abyssinian weapons, horse-trappings, etc., has been presented by H. Weld-Blundell, Esq.

**America.** Two fine “totem-posts,” carved respectively with the frog and whale, and the frog, beaver, raven and owl symbols, by the Nootka Indians of Vancouver Island, have been presented by J. W. L. Glaisher, Sc.D., F.R.S.

Miss M. A. Owen has added to her collection of personal and ceremonial dresses and ornaments of the Musquakie Indians a hand-loom shewing a patterned square of coloured wools in process of making.

**Australia.** A fourth valuable consignment of native manufactures, including a set of personal ornaments, from Melville Island, and North Central Australia, has been received from R. H. Marten, M.D., of Adelaide.

J. B. Andrews, Esq., has given a number of decorated weapons, etc., from various parts of Australia.

**Oceania.** The preserved head of a woman of the Tugeri tribe, British New Guinea, obtained by the donor in 1896, is presented by H.E. Sir William MacGregor, K.C.M.G., Governor of Newfoundland.

W. L. H. Duckworth, M.D., Sc.D., has presented a set of eleven stone-headed clubs from Romilly Sound, New Guinea.

Some very important additions have been made to the Solomon Island series, thanks to Professor Bevan: notably two very beautiful “shell-inlaid” chief’s maces; a battle-axe with American iron head; clubs, including one of very unusual form; decorated spears; paddles, etc.

A dancing costume, probably from the Banks Group, brought home by the late Bishop Selwyn, has been kindly given by his daughters, Mrs H. K. Fry and Miss Selwyn.

A “horned” club with unusually carved head from Fiji, and other objects, have been presented by the Rev. C. Taylor, D.D., Master of St John’s College.

The Curator has added to the series of hafted stone implements presented by him in past years, some interesting examples from the Admiralty Islands, New Guinea, Australia, and other localities.

An example of the Tahitian God of War, Oro, of plaited sinnet-work, in the form of a truncheon bearing the outline of a human face, presented by Professor Bevan.

The doll-like figure of the Mangaian god Tangia, obtained about 1822 by the Rev. John Williams of the London Missionary Society, and two very fine examples of the Hervey Island spear-like weapon with serrated blade, presented by John Venn, Sc.D., F.R.S.

The fine series of weapons from the Gilbert Island has again been considerably augmented through the generosity of Professor Bevan.

**Library.** The Cambridge Antiquarian Society has made its annual gift of serial publications, now amounting to ninety, which will be found recorded in the Society’s last Report.

Dr Donald MacAlister, Principal of the University of Glasgow, has presented a complete set of the Transactions and Proceedings of the Japan Society, London.

The Secretary of State for India has presented a copy of the Report of Archaeological Exploration in Chinese Turkestan, entitled Ancient Khotan.

The Curator has given a complete set of the publications of the second series of the Hakluyt Society.
A number of books of archaeological and ethnographical interest have been presented during the year, notably by J. E. Foster, M.A., J. Smith, Esq., J. G. Frazer, M.A., the Cambridge Antiquarian Society, the Curator, and others.

A vocabulary, in manuscript, entitled “Native Words and Notes on the Natives of the Laverton District, Mount Margaret Goldfield, Western Australia, collected in 1904-1906,” has been presented by the author, John L. Glascock, Esq.

The Museum series of ethnographical and architectural postcards has been considerably enlarged.

Thirty photographs illustrative of peasant life, taken by the donor, at Banieres, Pontgibaud, Puy-de-Dome, France, have been given by the Curator.

A set of twenty-seven photographs of the natives of Brazil have been presented by Professor Dr Karl von den Steinen.

A series of twenty-two photographs of the natives of British New Guinea, taken by the donor, with a sketch map of the district illustrated, has been presented by G. O. Manning, Esq.

DEPOSITS. F. J. Wootton Isaacson, M.A., Trinity Hall, has kindly placed on deposit a large, bird-shaped bowl of unusual form, finely inlaid with nautilus and cone-shell plaques; and some other objects, from the Solomon Islands.

ACCESSIONS FUND. The following subscriptions and donations have been received by the curator during the past year:

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<tr>
<td>Professor Bevan</td>
<td>130</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Cambridge Antiquarian Society</td>
<td>50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Baron Anatole von Hugel</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs Walter K. Foster</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>J. Venn, Sc.D., F.R.S</td>
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<td>J. E. Foster, M. A.</td>
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<td>Baroness Anatole von Hugel</td>
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<td>Major-General The Lord Ralph Kerr, C.B.</td>
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Building fund. Since the issue of the last report, March 14, 1907, £4718. 14s. 6d. have been received or promised to this fund, including the following munificent donations, referred to at the beginning of the present report:

“In memory of Walter K. Foster”

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<td>Mrs Walter K. Foster</td>
<td>1000</td>
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<tr>
<td>E. Bird Foster, Esq.</td>
<td>1000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Charles Finch Foster, Esq.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs Edward Rawlings</td>
<td>1000</td>
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These amounts, with the sum of £2919. 5s. 0d. acknowledged in previous reports, make a total of £7637. 19s. 6d.

The Committee have pleasure in availing themselves of this opportunity to express their gratitude to all who have so generously contributed to these Funds.

ACCOUNTS. The accounts for the year 1907 have been audited by the Committee (see Reporter, University Accounts, p. 97).

Lists of Accessions to the Museum and of objects received on Deposit from January 1 to December 31, 1907, are given in the Appendix.

E. S. ROBERTS, Vice-Chancellor. WILLIAM RIDGeway.
M. R. JAMES. J. W. CLARK.
J. VENN. FRANCIS JENKINSON.
J. W. L. GLAISHER. D. H. S. CRANAGE.
A. C. HADDON.
Bronze palstaves and gold armilla. Grunty Fen, Haddenham, Cambridgeshire, 1844.

Presented, 1884, with the Cambridge Antiquarian Society’s Collection.

(Reproduced from Camb. Ant. Soc. Comm. 1907; see Hugel, Vol. xii, p. 96.)
APPENDIX.

I. LIST OF ACCESSIONS FROM JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1907

*.* In those cases in which the objects have not been presented directly, but have been purchased with money subscribed to the Museum Accessions Fund, an asterisk is prefixed to the name of the donor.

I. ARCHAEOLOGY.

BRITISH.

PREHISTORIC.

STONE.
(Unless specially indicated the implement is made of flint.)

RIVER-DRIFT IMPLEMENTS:

1-10. Ten, including several of unusual form, and a number of rudely chipped examples, Suffolk and Norfolk. *The Cambridge Antiquarian Society.

CELTs:

11-27. Seventeen roughly hewn, including one elongate, double-ended, with ridged faces and sharp sides (6"-2 x 1"-9), Feltwell, N.; two well-chipped, with ridged backs (5"-1 x 1"-7 and 4"-1 x 1"-4), Mundford and Cressingham N.; five similar, including two unusually small examples, one with pointed butt and square cutting edge (2"-3 x 1"), Lakenheath, S., and one (? celt), with extremely thin pointed butt (2"-3 x 1"-4), Elveden, S.; one of peculiar form, with flat expanding cutting edge and tongue-like butt (4" x 2"-3), Grimes Graves, N.; and one very flat with both faces roughly chipped, sharp edges, and a rounded butt expanding towards the square cutting edge (4"-3 x 2"-8), Icklingham, S.; and 28-33. Six partially ground, including one finely chipped, elongate, with pointed butt, sharp sides, and thin, rounded cutting edge (5"*1 x 1"-9), Burnt Fen, C.; and one with ridged faces, square butt and expanding cutting edge (4"-7 x 1"-9), Cranwich, N. *C. A. S. Z [Nos. 11—33.]

34. One beautifully shaped and highly polished ground from a green jade-like stone, of elongate, flat triangular form, with pointed butt, sharp sides, and curved cutting edge; one face is slightly convex, the other has the lower half flattened (6"*6 x 3"-1), Histon, C., about 1901. (See Evan’s Stone Implements, second edition, fig. 52.) The Rev.

W. G. Searle, M.A.

PICKS:

35. One large, roughly hewn, pointed tongue-shaped, with sharp sides, hog-back, and square butt (6"x2"-6), Tuddenham, S. *C. A. S.

CHISELS:

36—38. Three carefully chipped, with sharp sides and ground cutting edge (Is. 4"—4"*5), Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S.

FABRICATORS:

39—65. Twenty-seven of various forms and sizes, some finely chipped, including nine with rounded ends, flat undersurfaces, convex backs, and carefully chipped edges, Suffolk and Norfolk. *C. A. S.

66. One finely chipped with rounded ends, flat undersurface and convex back (3"-7 x 1"), Cambridge. The Rev.

W. G. Searle, M.A.

DAGGERS:

67. One remarkably fine, flat, wide, with both faces chipped, bearing two lateral notches on one edge and three on the other (5"-9 x 2"-3), Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S.

KNIVES:

68. One finely chipped, thick, roughly crescent-shaped, with pointed ends (4"*2 x 1"*4), Mundford, N.;

69—72. Four flat, oval: in two both faces are chipped (each 2"*3 x 1"-7), Lynford, N. and Herringswell, S.; and 73—88. Sixteen chipped from flakes: nine trimmed into shape with convex backs: one having both faces carefully chipped (1"*9 x 0"-7), Lakenheath, S.; and six with single edges, which in two are chipped on both faces, and in four on the upper face only. *C. A. S. [Nos. 68—88.]

BORES:

89—100. Eleven, including one remarkably large and well-chipped example, with expanding base (6"x1 x 3"-2), Mildenhall, S.; and two smaller of similar outline (1"*9 x 1"*4 and 2"* x 1"*8), Menthed, N. and Weeting, S.; and a number of unclassed pointed implements. *C. A. S.

SCRAPERS:

• 101—120. Twenty of various forms, including two small examples, one oval (imperfect), Wangford, S., and one circular (d. 1"*2), West Tofts, N.; and three rough, with spoon-like ends, Lakenheath and Icklingham, S. *C. A. S.

HAMMERS:

121, 122. Two of quartzite: one, the half of an oblong example, with flattened faces, rounded sides and square end, bears a central, medium-sized, cup-shaped perforation (breadth 2"), Elveden, S.; and one a large oval pebble, with

+ The letters C., S., and N., printed after the names of places, indicate the counties of Cambridgeshire, Suffolk, and Norfolk.

C. A. S. stands for the Cambridge Antiquarian Society.

2
rounded sides, drilled with an unusually large, cup-shaped perforation (4 x 3 x 3/8; d. of perforation 1/4), Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S.

ARROW-HEADS:

Tanged and barred.

123—137. Fifteen of various sizes and forms, including: one flat, straight-sided, with wide truncated bars, tang missing (l' - 4 x l' - 3), Cavenham, S.; two similar, but more elongate, one barb missing in each (l' - 6 and l' - 4), Mildenhall and Lakenheath, S.; one thick with ridged back, straight sides with serrated edges, and small incurved bars, tang broken (l' - 3x0” - 8), Burnt Fen, C.; one of unsymmetrical and curved outline, with one long pointed barb and small tang (l’ - 3x1”), Mildenhall, S.; and one ‘spade-shaped’ with incurved bars and large tang (l’ - 4xl’), Burnt Fen, C. *C. A. S.

138—141. Four, small, of various forms, Charlbury and Stonesfield, Oxfordshire. R. W. Wilson, Esq.

Tanged.

142—145. Four : one roughly chipped, thick, ‘spadeshaped,’ with taper tang (l’ - 1x0” - 9), Croxton, N.; one roughly chipped, triangular, with very long stem-like tang and angular shoulders (l’ - 6 x 0” - 8), Eriswell, S.; one triangular with ridged back, and triangular tang forming pointed shoulders (l’ - 2 x 0” - 8), Weeting, N.; and one roughly chipped from a flat, broad flake, with cusped shoulders and small tang (l’ - 8x0” - 7), Santon Downham, S. *C. A. S.

Leaf-shaped.

146—155. Ten: including some finely chipped examples, viz: three with both faces chipped—one elongate pointed oval (l’ - 4 x 0” - 5), Lakenheath, S., one broader with rounded base (l’ - 3 x 0” - 6), Wangford, S., and one similar but larger, with more pointed base (l’ - 6x0” - 6), Burnt Fen, C.; one with chipped back, and broad, rounded base (l’ - 6 x 0” - 7), Eriswell, S.; one pointed oval with partially chipped back and front (l’ - 5 x 0” - 8), Lakenheath, S.; and two pear-shaped, one very thin, with broad base and partially chipped back (l’ - 3x1”), Undley, S., and one smaller, rounded, with both faces chipped (l’ - 2x0” - 7), Undley, S. *C. A. S.

156, 157. Two with rounded bases (imperfect), Charlbury and Stonesfield, Oxfordshire. R. W. Wilson, Esq.

Lozenge-shaped.

158—161. Four: one large, thin, of rounded contour, with both faces finely chipped (2 x 1 x 0” - 9), Undley, S.; and three smaller, broad, of similar size, including one of exceptionally fine symmetrical chipping (l’ - 3x0” - 8), Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S.

Triangular.

162—172. Eleven, broad and narrow examples, including three ‘chisel-ended,’ two large (l’ - 2 x 1’ - 3 and l’ - 2 x 1’ - 2), Santon Downham, S., and Grimes Graves, N., and one small of irregular outline, chipped on both faces (l’ - 1x0” - 7), Burnt Fen, C.; and three with cusped bases, including two symmetrical, deeply indented, showing remarkably fine chipping (l’ - 4x0” - 9 and l’ - 2x0” - 8), Mildenhall, S., and Kilverstone, N. *C. A. S.

Single-barbed.

173—177. Five: one thick, chipped on both edges, with cusped base forming one large pointed tang (l’ - 8 x 0” - 8), Lakenheath, S.; and four finely chipped on one edge only, two broad, and two slim, Icklingham and Mildenhall, S. *C. A. S.

JAVELIN-HEADS:

Tanged.

178. One, with very large broad tang and nicked shoulders (2 x0” - 9), Didlington, N. *C. A. S.

Leaf-shaped.

179—181. Three, including one flat, elongate, pear-shaped, with both faces chipped (2” - 6xl’ - 3), Weeting, N. *C. A. S.

Lozenge-shaped.

182—184. Three, roughly chipped (2” - 3 x l’ - 4—2” x l’ - 1), Eriswell, West Stow, and Cavenham, S. *C. A. S.

Triangular.

185—188. Four of various sizes, including two well-chipped, ‘chisel-ended’ (l’ - 7x l’ - 4—l’ - 4xl’), Mildenhall and Icklingham, S. *C. A. S.

Single-barbed.

189, 190. Two carefully chipped : one flat with pointed tang (l’ - 7 ’ x l’ - 4), Mildenhall, S.; and one thick of unusual form, with large, broad, square-ended tang (l’ - 5 x l’ - 6), Eriswell, S. *C. A. S.

UNC LASS ED:

191—217. Twenty-seven carefully chipped of various sizes and forms, Suffolk and Norfolk. *C. A. S.

BRONZE.

218—220. Three single-looped, socketed, with moulded rims: one plain with expanding blades (3” - 3 x l’ - 6 and 4” - 2 x l’ - 8); and one square-sided, with expanding blade and straight cutting edge, bearing three vertical beads either face (3” - 3 x l’ - 8); 221. A dagger-blade of elongate triangular form, with bevelled edges on two perforations in the rounded base (1. 3’ - 1); 222. A diminutive square-sided chisel, with rounded, taper butt (1. 2’- and.

An ear-ring, penannular, crescent-shaped, with central swelling a taper ends (? Roman), Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S. [Nos. 218—223.]

224. A massive stud, with concave disc-head and stout, rounded tang (d. head l” - 1), Mildenhall, S. R. W. Wilson, Esq.

EARTHENWARE.

225. A mug-shaped vessel in light ‘biscuit’ clay, of exceptionally fine make; the incised pattern is divided into two zones (the upper set with rows of beads (2 x 5” - 8; d. of mouth, 4” - 2), Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, Montagu Sharp, Esq.

226. A massive oak stake with roughly pointed base (1. 72”). From the site of the British defences of the great ford at Brentford. Montagu Sharp, Esq. (See Arch. Jour., Vol. LXIII. p. 25.)
British handled vessel of earthenware. Fordham, Cambridgeshire, 1900.
Presented, 1907, by the Curator, Baron Anatole von Hugel.
BRONZE.

227, 228. A disc-fibula, with central collet (for enamel), and wide, double-beaded rim (originally gilt), provided with square catch and tag for pin (d. 1" 4); and a bronze stud with large disc head and square-sided, taper tang (d. 1" 2), Kingston, C. 0. Montague Benton, Esq.

229 a—c. Three slim bracelets: one plain of wire with interlooped, spirally twisted ends; one thicker, of flattened wire, showing transverse grooves, made to open split-ring fashion, and set with five bronze beads; and one penannular, consisting of a narrow band, with recurved hook ends, the face being stamped with a row of S-shaped devices, Denton, Lines. Mr E. Barber.

230. A key, made of a thin folded plate, with perforated bow, piped stem, and nicked web (1. 1" 8), Cardell Farm, Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S.

IRON.

231. A stout, tanged blade of a knife (resembling a modern French kitchen knife), 10" 6 x 1" 3. Merton Hall, Thetford, N., 1874. Lord Walsingham, High Steward of the University.

232 a, b. Two punches: one square-sided with conical point (1. 6"); and one (imperfect) with rounded sides; 233, 234. Two ‘cold-chisels’ with stout, shouldered points (Is. 4" 5 and 3" 3); 235. A pointed tool, with cylindrical neck, and taper, square-sided head, ? use (1. of head 5" 5); and 236—238. Seven: two of dark grey clay, with beaded rims and necks, prominent shoulders, and small flat bases: one with three perforations in the base and two perforations in the neck (5" 6x8" and 6" 1x8" 4), Barrington, C. (Foster Bequest); one small, of grey clay, wide-mouthed, with beaded rim, and a pair of slight neck beads (3" 7 x 4" 7), Cambridge (Freeman Coll.—*C. A. S.); one squat, shewing a blue-grey surface slip, wide-mouthed, with overhanging rim, a wide head on neck, and small flat base (6" 3x8" 2), from a barrow, Clifton, Shelford, Beds. (Inskip Coll.—*C. A.S.); one squat, of grey clay, wide-mouthed, with flat projecting rim, and wide beaded base bearing two incised concentric rings (7" x 9" 3); and one of dark grey clay, with narrow, beaded mouth, the sloping shoulders encircled by grooves, and a flat base bearing four perforations (7" 2 x 7"), Hauxton, C. (A. v. Hegel); and one tall, plain, of light clay, with heavy, overhanging rim tapering towards the flat base (8" 4 x 7" 6), Isleham, C., 1882. (A. v. Hegel.) Restored in the Museum, and not previously recorded.

249. A quantity of fragmentary pottery illustrative of many varieties of ware; and 250—255. Six square tiles of red clay, viz.: four (10" 5), two bearing three roughly incised lines forming a star, one with two broader lines forming a cross; and one plain, and two smaller (8"), plain, Roman Villa, Combe Down, Bath, 1860-1870. G. E. Cruckshank, M.A. [Nos. 248—255.]

256—258. Three clay spindle-whorls, one with convex face (Roman), Suffolk. *C. A. S.

STONE.

259, 260. Two moulded capitals of columns; 261. An oblong hewn slab, one side bearing a flat-faced ridge, near the lower end of which is a square perforation, and the adjoining side a square-sided groove of similar width (27" x 22"). From a door-way; and 262. A roughly rounded, thick slab, with large, cup-shaped depression in the face (d. about 14'); and other fragments, Roman Villa, Combe Down, Bath, 1860-1870. G. E. Cruckshank, M.A. [Nos. 259—262.]

SAXON.

263. A plain finger-ring of round section, shewing a flat, oval facet; and 264. A pair of plain tweezers (1. 2"). Lakenheath, S. *C. A. S. [Nos. 263, 264.]

265. Fragments of bronze (gilt) and iron objects, and coarse pottery (? date). The Mill, Hauxton. C., 1907. L. J. Wills, B.A.

EARTHENWARE.

266—270. Five cinerary urns, viz.: four richly decorated with a variety of stamp marks: one tall, with rounded shoulders, of light clay, decorated with three patterned bands of rayed rings, and unusually deep, pestle-shaped devices (9" x 8" 5); one smaller, spherical, with two ornate bands, and seven shield-shaped panels, bearing quatrefoil devices (6" 2 x 6" 8); one with more prominent shoulders, shewing seven faint oval bosses, decorated with rows of triangles and rounds (7" 3 x 8" 8); and one of unusual form, bearing a cable moulding below the thin upright rim, and nine pear-shaped ridges on the flat shoulders, decorated in unsymmetrical fashion (7" 9" 6); and one plain, roughly fashioned, deep, bowl-shaped, with rounded base (7" 7 x 9" 4). From Cambridge burial grounds. (C.A.S.) Restored in the Museum, and not previously recorded.
**MEDIAEVAL AND LATER.**

**METAL.**

271. A morian of iron, decorated around the base with ten brass studs, which held the lining. 17th century. Bury St Edmunds, S.;

272—274. Three bronze buckles, including one oblong, of peculiar construction, provided with a knobbled, U-shaped suspension hook (I"-6 x I"-3). 15th century. Grantham, C.;

275. An elongate, bronze strap-end with moulded, square terminal, 15th century;

276. A moulded, cruciform object of bronze bearing an oval pendant embossed with an acorn; and


278. A small disc stud of brass, bearing a medallion, inscribed, ‘GEOR-D-GRA-’ etc.; and a steel key with solid moulded stem, the oval bow (1.6"-5 x 0.8"). 15th—16th century. High Street, Chesterton, C., and Lakenheath, S.; and

279. A large bronze shoe-buckle, oval, concave, with openwork decoration. Lakenheath, S.; and

280. A small globular bronze bell (for a horse), with square tang, bearing an embossed shield charged with a Tau cross (d. 2"-9). ? weight;


282. An oblong door-lock, the outer plate decorated with a single buttress and a V-shaped, floral scroll (9"-8 x 5"-9). 15th century. Bought in Cambridge. *C. A. S.*

283. A large mortice-lock, for an inner door (10.4 x 6.7) with lacquered brass fittings, consisting of drop-handles (rococo style), and a pair of openwork escutcheons bearing the monogram ‘G.R.’ etc.; and a steel key with solid moulded stem, the oval bow displays the royal arms in openwork, and the oblong web is perforated with the initials ‘G.R.’ the upper teeth being cut to form the date 1761. ? From a Royal Palace. **Transferred from the Fitzwilliam Museum.**

Nine iron keys, viz.:


285. 286. Two plain, a larger and a smaller, with cusped bows. 16th century. Cambridge; and Lakenheath. S. *C. A. S.*

287. One large, with loose ring. 17th—18th century. Cambridge. **Purchased.**

288. One massive, with cusped bow, and unusually large S-shaped web (1. 6"-8). 16th century. Chesterton, C. *Edwin Wilson, Esq.*

289—292. Four: one with depressed, oval bow, and one with oval, cusped bow, 16th century; and two (steed): one with openwork bow (L. 2"-2); and one with dolphin-pattern bow (L. 2"-8). 17th century. Chichester. **Baron Anatole von Hugel.**

293. An iron rack for purifying clay pipes, with three spirally-twisted cross-bars (10.4 x 11'). Saffron Walden;

294. An ornate, oblong pewter snuffbox, the lid inlaid with copper (2"-9 x 1"-3). Streatham, C.;

295. A cylindrical rush-light stand of sheet iron, with decorative pierced work (7"-6 x 4"-8). Milton, C.;

296. A pair of ornate brass snuffers. Streatham, C.;

297. A double-ended bronze pestle (1. 8"-7). Bury St Edmunds, S.;

298. 299. Two pairs of decorated steel sugar-cutters. St Neots, Hunts.;

300. A pair of iron nut-crackers, with incised decoration. 17th century. Cambridge;

301,302. Two iron dibbers. Fenstanton, Hunts.; and

303. 304. Two sickles with long blades. Mildenhall, S. *C. A. S. [Nos. 293—304.]*

305. A pair of hollow-ground scissors of iron, with looped handles (1. 6"-5). Chichester. **Baron Anatole von Hugel.**

306,307. Two pairs of compasses: one rude, of iron (1. 4"). Chesterton, C.; and one of bronze (iron points missing), with facett terminal knob, and curved ornate arms (1. 3"-4). 16th century. Lakenheath, S.;

308. An ornate, three-footed, flat-iron rest (1. 12"-2). Cambridge;

309. 310. Two hakes: one with toothed, and one with perforated bar. St Neots and Hail Weston, Hunts.;

311. A steel-yard with wooden balance (1. 9"-3). Cambridge;

312. A flat disc (cast-iron) bearing a human mask in relief (d. 2"-9). ? weight;

313. A man-trap, stamped ‘S. GRIFFITHS’ (I. 34").


**EARTHENWARE.**

315. A flat-bottomed, green-glazed jug, with short neck, and flat-sided bow handle (12"-7 x 10"-2). 15th—16th century. High Street, Chesterton, C., 1904; and

316. A green-glazed pipkin, with three feet (6"-2 x 7"). Free School Lane, Cambridge, 1907. *C. A. S. [Nos. 315, 316.]*


**WOOD, ETC.**

318. A rough, diamond-pattern frame-work, from the very old South door of Lakenheath Church, Suffolk. (? date.) *The Vicar and Churchwardens.*

319. A poppy-head (finial missing), from a bench, finely carved in oak, shewing on either side the monograms of Our Lord and Our Lady respectively, loth century. From a local church. *John J. Jennings, Esq.*

320. A cylindrical potle of polished wood, with oblong handle, bound with copper bands, engraved ‘CAMBRIDGE,’ and stamped on the sides with an acorn surmounted by a G crowned (7"-4 x 4"-2). *J. E. L. Whitehead, M.A., Town Clerk.*

321. 322. A wooden mangle, formerly used in flattening straw for plait-work, and two iron tools for splitting the straw. Weston, Herts. *M. R. Pryor, M.A.*

323. A salt receptacle of cow’s horn, with cork stoppers, a

Formerly used by labourers. Over, C. *C. A. S.*

324. A model, in clunch, of the first Railway bridge, h Hills Road, Cambridge, 1850. (7"-5 x 17"-5). *Messrs C. Plumb.*
FOREIGN

EUROPE.

PRESHISTORIC.

325—380. Three stone adzes: two larger, much worn; end one email, flat, with square cutting edge, of jadeite (l"x6"xl"); two quartzite pebbles: one a hammer-stone; and one with a double groove; and fragment! of rough earthenware vessels. From a Gaulish camp in La Cheir, Banieres, Puy-de-Dome, 1007. Baron Anatole von Hugel.

381—336. SixHint arrow heads: five stout, tanged, with both faces finely chipped, including one large with serrated edge (2"-S x 1"); and one tanged and barbed, elongate, with one face well-chipped (2"-2x0"-8). Perugia, Italy.

Museum.

337. A plaster cast of a bronze axe-head from Pozzuoli with yoke-like and cruciform raised designs (6"x5" x 8"). An example of similar form (from the Northern Peloponnesus) is preserved in the Museum. (Sec Annual Report 1904, No. 681.) The British Museum.

ROMAN.

341, 342. Two bronze fibulae: one circular, with conical boss and beaded rim (d. 0"-9); and one taper, bow-shaped, with marginal grooves, and large, openwork pin-catch (1.3"); and 343—346. Four small keys: one of bronze, with flat, moulded, square-sided stem, surmounted by a small peaked loop, and oblong web set with six teeth (l"-6); and three of iron, with flat, heart-shaped bows (1s. 2"—2" 6). Gergovia.

347. A spoon of speculum metal, with thick, circular bowl and angular tag, the scalloped margin set with five plain bosses, and a skeleton (l of a monk) it was found, 9th—10th century. St Pierre la Chastel, Auvergne. Found by the donor, The Rev. C. Vaison, Care of St Pierre.

354—355. Two iron keys: one large (ecclesiastical) 16th century. Taormina, Sicily.

355. A two-pronged fork of iron, the flat, expanding handle-end faced with two plaques of mother-of-pearl (1.4"-7). Clermont-Ferrand, J. E. Foster, M.A. [Nos. 404, 405.]

505. A flat, oval trinket-box of ivory with silver mounts, bearing a painted figure design (3"-7 x 2"-7). The Loire, France;

GAULISH.

338—340. Three bronze objects (? cloak-fasteners): rounded or flat bars (with incurved hooks at either end), bearing a circular perforation and an incised pattern (one l. 1"6; two (a pair) 1.0,—). Museum. of similar form (from the Northern Peloponnesus) is preserved in the Museum. (Sec Annual Report 1904, No. 681.) The British Museum.

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409. A cylindrical wooden needle-case, with painted design of cupids, etc. (1. 4"). 18th century. Lorraine, Germany; and
410—416. Seven diminutive models, carved in wood, of figures in the Cathedral of Santiago de Compostella, Spain; Mrs Bendall. [Nos. 408—416.]
417. A relief carving in oak, of a man’s head and shoulders (5"-8 x 2"-4). From a 16th century chest. German. The Executors of the late Professor Newton, F.R.S.
418. A small, boat-shaped vessel of pale green glass, with ornate scroll handles and expanding ring-foot (2"-5 x 4"-4). loth—16th century. (Venetian.) Professor Commendatore Enrico H. Giglioli.
419. A heavy, roughly chipped, wedge-shaped implement (9"-3 x 3"-3). Sinai. The British School of Archaeology in Egypt.
420—425. The upper half of a large, finely ground celt (b. 2"-3). Yezo four well-chipped arrow-heads, namely, two tanged, one plain, shouldered (0"9 x 0"-4), and one with serrated edge (l"-2 x 0"-4), and one small, triangular, with cusped base (0"-8 x0"-5); and a pointed implement with edged, square base, ? use (2"-2 x 1"-5), from Southern Japan. Miss E. R. Gillett.
426—428. Three rude figures in light clay : two representing horses; and one a mounted horseman. (From graves.) Cyprus. R. Bosworth Smith, Esq.
429. Fragments of ancient glazed wall-tiles, Golconda, Hyderabad, India. Mrs Bendall.
430. A bronze disc-mirror, with a perforated boss and decorative border (d. 4"). China. Baron Anatole von Hugel.
431. A wooden boomerang (1.15"-5). 12th Dynasty. Gizeh; and
432, 433. Two many-chambered soul houses roughly fashioned in clay. 11th—12th Dynasty; and
434—446. Thirteen diminutive mud models of vases. 18th Dynasty. Rifeh, near Siut; and
447 a—c. The left foot of the mummy of a Roman infant, with leather shoe and decorated sole of a sandal. Egypt. The British School of Archaeology in Egypt. [Nos. 431—447 c.]

II. FOLK-LORE.

448. A model of a child’s doll, as made from a poppy flower by German nurses. Giengen, Stuttgart (1870). Miss Johnson.
449. Two carved mandrake roots, representing a male and a female human figure. (Used as charms when children are desired.) Bought at Athens. R. M. Dawkins, M.A.
Ten objects from India, viz.: 450—455. Six ornate bangles of glass, (offered when a child is desired); and a horse roughly made of rags, (offered after the birth of a son). Taken from the Bangle tree, Ahmadabad;
456. A ‘lucky’ necklet: a strand of brown and orange wool, with seeds, a bone pendant, and a glass bangle attached. ; and
457. A minute clay saucer (d. 1"-2), from the shrine of the goddess of small-pox ———., Nepal; and
458. A set of circular cards (d. 4"-5) painted with various designs. For fortune-telling. Calcutta; and

III. ETHNOLOGY.

FRANCE.

500, 501. A lamp-suspending, consisting of an elaborately carved flat oblong piece of wood, the openwork pattern including a human figure and other devices ;25" x 2"-7; with an iron lamp shaped like the Scotch cruisie.
502. A lamp of similar form to the last but made in tin.
503. A sickle (cerpe de vigneron), with ornate bone handle, and iron blade showing a floral pattern in openwork (1. 8"-5). Pontgibaud, Puy-de-Dome; and
504. La Servante (The Maid) : a wooden framework of vertical and horizontal bars, the flat face bearing decorative
g and the date 1781 (formerly used for preventing the bed clothes limping); and

1. An oblong puzzle snuff-box of wood. Bauieres par Pontgibaud; and


1. 508. Two finely carved square frames of wood, closely set formerly used for the making of braided bands (4" x 8" x 7" and 5" x 10"); Bauieres and Clermont-Ferrand. Baroness Anatoile von Hugel. Nos. 509—508.

1. 610. Two implements similar to the last, but smaller, and bearing ornamental patterns; one, fitted with a rough wooden bow, shews a band in process of manufacture;

1. A distaff of obsolete form, with pear-sloped head in basket-work; and


1. 516. A distaff (still in use), consisting of a plain forked stick; two roughly turned spindles with grey wool attached, and a skein of white and

1. A cylindrical iron mortar (1. 3" x 7"), with turned wooden pestle (for Banieres; and

1. A bread tally: a notched stick of hazel-wood (1. 17" x 8"). From a baker's shop, Pontgibaud. Madame Coulon. [Nos. 513—518.]

AFGHANISTAN.

1. A silver dress-fastener: a pair of pins with triangular enamelled and connecting chain;

1. 532. Two small copper incense burners, with perforated lids; and

1. A set of eight, small, painted clay figures of Mohammedans in various es of prayer. Kabul. Mrs Bendall. [Nos. 530—533.]

INDIA.

1. A skull-cap of black cloth (Ghurka);

1. 538. Skeins of red and orange woof with beaded, looped ends; g of pink woolen beads; and bunches of composite flowers, (used in dressing hair); and red pigment wherewith to paint the caste-mark forehead;

1. A pair of brass ear-studs in repousse: a disc, shewing ten rayed with a central pellet of green glass;

1. An umbrella, with wooden frame, of painted and varnished

1. A small semicircular comb of black wood with incised tion;

1. A oblong, octagonal trinket-box of brass, with repousse tion (5" x 6" x 3");

1. 545. Three spoons of brass: one small, ornate, for libation (1.

1. and two with long, flat, handles, for domestic use (Is. 13" x 8" x 7");

1. 547. Two small vessels of brass: one urn-shaped, bearing incised bamboo mouth- and incised bamboo mouth-

1. A baby’s teething stick: a lacquered cylinder with a nutmeg and

1. A set of three knives in a leather sheath: one large, with broad,

1. A knife, with sickle-shaped blade and plain metal handle, in a leather sheath. Jeypore; and

1. 559. Two ornate brass hand-bells, the handles bearing distinct religious emblems; and

1. A Buddha rosary of brown and black wooden beads, with crystal and brass pendants. Nepal;

1. 552, 553. Two brass lamps: one small hand-lamp, with triple, spoon-shaped bowls and lateral loop handle; and one hanging-lamp and incense-burner (for out-door use), with a massive ornate loop and pendants, to which the suspension chain is attached;

1. 554, 555. Two small receptacles of brass, for offerings: one, a pair of cups on an ornate oblong base; and one, saucer-shaped with expanding foot;

1. 556, 557. Two ornate brass hand-bells, the handles bearing distinct religious emblems; and

1. A. J. B. Wace, M.A.

1. 558. A Buddhist rosary of brown and black wooden beads, with crystal and brass pendants. Nepal;

1. 559 a—e. Five painted clay models of fruits; and

1. 560. A small, purse-shaped bag of embroidered yellow silk (for spices). Hyderabad;

1. 561. A hookah, with large, ornate clay bowl, turned, inlaid stem, coconut water receptacle, and incised bamboo mouth-piece;

1. 562—566. Five brass anklets of various patterns; and

1. 567. A knife, with sickle-shaped blade and plain metal handle, in a leather sheath. Jeypore;

1. 568, 569. A steel style, and a number of prepared palm-leaf strips;

1. 570, 571. Two small brass vessels for pahin: one a circular locket-shaped case (d. 2" x 2"); and one a cylindrical cup with small, lateral loop (1" x 6 x 4");

1. 572, 573. Two small figures in bronze: a horse and rider, and a bird;

1. 574. A finely moulded figure on a square base, in coloured plaster, of a Brahman priest seated cross-legged, holding a manuscript in his hands (h. 5");

1. 575, 576. Two sacred emblems in brass: a thunderbolt with openwork ends (1. 5" x 3") and a , a ring supported on three legs;

1. 577. A small brass bell with ornate loop (3" x 8 x 2"); From a Buddhist shrine; and

1. 578—580. Three rosaries: one with round, and two with oval wooden beads. India. Mrs Bendall. [Nos. 534—580.]
581, 582. A Hat, scoop-shaped winnowing basket and a flag-shaped fan of plaited cane, revolving on a bamboo handle. 

CEYLON.

583. A circular, locket-shaped case of hammered copper, with ornate brass mountings (d. 1")--5). John J. Jennings, Esq.

TIBET.

584. A square pendant (reliquary) of gilt-metal, with semi-oval projection on each side, set with roughly cut turquoise (3" x 3")--1);

585. A plain brass finger-ring with diamond-shaped bezel set with turquoise; and

586. A prayer-wheel of brass, with wooden handle. Mrs Bendall. [Nos. 584--586.]

BURMA.

587. A small-necked copper vessel with orange-shaped body and expanding foot, decorated with an incised pattern (4" x 3")--8); and

588. A seated Buddha, carved in wood, the figure covered with gold foil and the ornate base with silver foil (h. 7")-- Mrs R. A. Stitt.

589. A marble figure of Buddha, seated, shewing traces of brown and gold paint (h. 18"--4). Prof. Bevan.

590. A large, barbed iron hook with long, looped Shank and a short fibre line (1. 22"--3). Used by divers for gaffing fish in the Panlaung River; and

591. A cylindrical sheath for a knife (dah), of plaited cane (1. 15"--5). Shan States. (See No. 1111.) Major Wheeler Cuffe. [Nos. 590, 591.]

AFRICA

EGYPT.

601. A circular brass bowl, shewing much wear, engraved inside and out with the 'Throne verses' from the Koran, cabalistic sentences, and a representation of Solomon's seal, etc. Its shape is that of the ordinary Egyptian handwashing bowl minus the perforated cover (d. 6"--5). Mrs Bendall.

602. A Nubian sword with leather-bound cross-hilt and pommel, in a red leather sheath. The broad, double-edged Solingen blade is marked with a pair of crescents on either face (1. 39")-- H. Weld-Blundell, Esq.

ABYSSINIA.

Weld-Blundell, Esq.

603. 604. Two spears, with socketed, leaf-shaped, iron heads on long barbed necks, and iron-ferruled bamboo shafts (ls. abt. 877); and

605. A heavy, circular, convex shield of hide, bearing a herring-bone design (d. 20"--8); and

606. A wooden saddle with iron stirrups ; quilted pads ; saddle covers of flowered sateen; and embroidered bridle, crupper, headstall, etc.; and

607. A leather belt faced with cloth, decorated with silver bosses and bearing chased silver plates fringed with silver pendants; and

608--610. An embossed silk cap, with tassels and plaited strings; a quilted, sleeved tunic, decorated with coloured cloth; and a white merino cloth embroidered with floral designs in silk. H. Weld-Blundell, Esq. [Nos. 603--610.]

SUDAN.

611. A flat, curved, missile club (trombash), with taper, bent head and butt (1. 25"--2). Berta tribe; and

MALAY PENINSULA.

592, 593. Two quivers of bamboo with covers and collars of plaited cane : one finely decorated with an incised design (1. 14"--5), and almost plain, containing a number of poisoned darts (1. 14"--5). Sakei. W. Rouse, Litt.D.

BORNEO.

594. A bamboo carrying-stick incised with five broad bands of arabesque pattern (1. 55"--3). *Professor Bevan.

CHINA.

595. A compass (used for casting horoscopes), in a flat lacquered wooden case: both the concave face and the convex back are inscribed in black and red (d. 5"--6). F. H. H. Guilleminard, M.D.

KOREA.

596. A charm against evil spirits (hung on houses), viz.: a bronze (d. 3"--9), with pendants of 'cash,' bearing on either face an elaborate pattern in relief;

597. A deep, flat-bottomed spherical jar with convex lid, ground of a green stone, and polished within and without (6"--5 x 9"--4). Obtained at the sacking of the old Royal Palace, Seoul;

598. An oblong box of white marble, with flat lid, inscribed in b on each face (5"--1 x 3"--6 x 3"--5);

599. A pair of gilt-metal harness decorations representing two cre dragons with four-jointed bodies, and movable jaws and tongues (1. 1-- and

600. A massive oblong padlock of iron, with spring bolt and fluted key-hole cap (5"-- x 2"--5); and a key with slit stem (1. 2'

*Professor Bevan. [Nos. 596--600.]

DAHOMEY.

612. A throwing knife, with hide-covered grip, of reaping-hook form, bearing an incised pattern (1. 25"--. Shangalla tribe. East Sudan. H. Weld-Blundell, Esq. [Nos. 611, 612.]

613. An arrow, with poisoned, barbed iron head and plain reed shaft. Chadda or Binne River. R. Bosworth Smith, Esq.

614--618. Five hippopotamus harpoons with barbed iron heads of various designs, attached by bands of plaited fibre to plain wooden shafts, one bearing spiral bands of brass and iron.

*Professor Bevan. [Nos. 596--600.]

CAMEROON.

620. 621. Two small oblong zanzas, with handles carved to represent human heads : one with iron, and one with bamboo keys. ? Cameroon. *Professor Bevan.

SENEGAMBIA.


BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

The following objects are Baganda:

623 a--k. Kibuka, the War God of the Baganda, consisting of: (1) four relics of the renowned fighting chief of that name (his Mulongo (Twin), lower jaw-bone, etc.), each encased in leather decorated with copper and glass beads, together with a goat-skin bag in which they were kept.
Kibuka the War God of the Baganda. Mawokota, Uganda, 1904.

1. The stool containing the relics, displayed with shields and bell, on the royal leopard skin.
2. Stool shewing basin with its bark-cloth cover.
3. The four relics of Kibuka.
   Presented, 1907, by the Rev. John Roscoe, C.M.S.

(Reproduced from Man, 1907 : see Roscoe, No. 95.)
Fumigation of Milk.

Earthenware fumigator with wooden milk-pot placed in position in their basket-work rest. The cap of the milk-pot is shown on the left.

1. Scale about 1/6.

a, Wooden needle-case; b, Clay fumigator used by women; c, Clay bottle for milk; d, e, f, Decorated gourds; g, Long-necked gourd vessel used by women in a ceremony for the propitiation of evil spirits.

3. Scale about 1.

Wooden harp played by women to their husbands.

Objects made by the Bahima, a Cow Tribe of Enkole, Uganda.

Presented, 1907, by the Rev. John Roscoe, C.M.S.

(Reproduced from *Jour. Royal Anth. Inst.* 1907: see Roscoe, Vol. xxxvii, p. 93.)
(2) A wooden stool carved, with four legs springing from a circular, shield-shaped base, and a basin-shaped seat provided with a tall, inner, upright rim, forming the receptacle in which the relics were kept. This rim which is encircled by a band set with cut white cowrie shells, bears a bag-like cover of brown bark cloth (total h. 12"-5; d. rim of basin 7", sent 10", base 12")

(3) Two small models, of oval shields of decorative wicker-work, with hide-bound margins: one larger, bearing a central oval plate of wood with a pair of small bosses, has the face decorated with a marginal line and bands of cowrie shells, and to the straight, wicker-work handle, an iron bell (of sheep-bell form) is attached by a strip of bark cloth (16"-5 x 9"); and, one of diminutive size, bears a single, large, conical boss of wood, and a bow-shaped handle made of a twig (10" x 5" x 0"

(4) A knife, with wide, straight-edged iron blade, rounded point, and bold central rib, with incised marginal decorative lines, set in a wooden handle (1. 14")

(5) A leopard skin, the emblem of royalty, on which the above objects rested. From the destroyed temple (kigwa) of Kibuka, Masokota district (see Roscoe, Man, 1907, So. 95) (Plate III)

624—628. Four Balongo or Mulongo (twins), charms containing portions of deceased kings: one, egg-shaped, the most ancient, provided with a broad leather strap-loop, is incased in leather covered with cut, white cowrie shells, and mid blue and yellow glass beads (7"-9 x 4"-4); two, a larger and a smaller, of cylindrical form, made up of tightly rolled brown bark cloth, with long loop handles ' served ' with string (6"-5 x 2"-8 and 6"-7 x 2"-5++; Is. (with handles) 19"-5 and 16"-5); and one of similar form and make, but much larger, bearing a covering of glass beads, disposed in bands of red, pink, and white chevrons, and on the top and base a seven-pointed star (11"-3 x 6"-6; total 1. (with handle) 33"-5); and a dummy knife, carved in wood, as though in a decorated sheath (1. 13"-3), which was kept with the last-mentioned Balongo; and

629. A Lubare (Deity)—Vessel of globular form, bearing a faint raised pattern. The central plain-rimmed orifice is surrounded by eight upstanding spouts which project from the solid : one, with two blades set face to face, bears a circular perforation in the neck (1. 46")

630. A small shield and stool (combined), carved out of hard wood, in the form of a pair of buffalos standing back to back. The actual seat or shield (a pointed, convex oval, with protruding, square-sided ends) is supported on two pairs of stout A-shaped tags (representing the fore-legs of the animals), connected by a three-sided strap, which forms the handle of the shield. The tips of the long horns of the large-muzzled heads merge into each other so as to produce a pendant loop round either side of the seat (17"-2 x 6"-6 x 5"-7). (7 Ceremonial.) North Uganda; 631—634. Four wooden staffs of various forms; 635, 636. Two iron spears with heads and shafts wrought in the solid: one, with two blades set face to face, bears a circular perforation in the neck (1. 46"T)

637—642. Six socketed iron spear-heads with leaf-shaped blades of various forms; and 643—647. Five charms, viz.: four encased in leather, two crescent-shaped with single and double lateral perforations respectively, one conical, with large, central perforation, with leather loops attached, and one cylindrical (istikirimikie), the ends set respectively with a crystal and a tooth (for the exorcism of evil spirits through the god Kaumula); and one without its cover, a bean-shaped mass of clay, with a copper cylinder imbedded in one side. From disused temples, Uganda; 648. An amulet: a pair of cylinders, covered with a pattern in coloured glass beads. Worn by the late King of Koki; 649—651. Three charms: one (of the god Kauli), a perforated cylinder of wood, with a truncated and a pointed end, attached to a thong loop (for curing internal pains); one (of the god Eisinga), a bundle of interwoven strands of a creeper with suspension loop (weather charm used by canoe men); and one (of cult of the god Jemi Zinga), disc-shaped, in a leather covering, with central perforation, used by thieves to protect themselves; 652, 653. Two sets of oblong dice-cards of hide, one set being provided with an oblong board of hide, used for diagnosing diseases; 654—656. Three small, bowl-shaped baskets of distinct patterns, for the offering of small fish to Mukasa, the god of the Lake; 657. A waist string of cowrie shells, banana seeds, and two ovals of sheet iron; 658, 659. Two long walking sticks with carved heads; 660. A slim, pointed stick, with an iron ferule (1. 89")— an early form of spear, the ferule being a later addition; 661. A pointed-oval, convex wooden shield, with conical boss, decorated on both faces with slats and coloured strands of reed (35"x-16")

662—665. Four fishing lines of fibre twist: one a stout ‘night-line’ (kilagala), for large fish in shallow water; and three fine, with single hooks, for rod fishing; 666—679. Twelve wicker-work fish-traps: six beehive, two funnel, and four bottle-shaped; and two sets of fish-traps, composed of six conjoined conical traps, with fringes and ropes of plaited grass; 680. A circular fish-strainer, used with above (d. 1"

681. A small cupping-horn. ———

682—689. Eight spears, with leaf-shaped, socketed iron heads and rough wooden shafts (Is. 69"-82-5".

690—692. Three hide shields: two oval (45"-5 x 21" and 20" x 14"

693. A number of penannular iron bangles, including one with rattle (also used as currency); and 694. A medicine-man’s kit: a closely tied bundle of wicker-work, with pendants of shells, stones, etc. Mount Elgon.

Thirty-three objects of Bahima manufacture, viz.: 695. 696. Two bottle-shaped vessels with globular bodies and tall necks of black, glazed clay, bearing incised decoration, used for milk (Plate IV, fig. 3 c)

697—699. A tall, cone-shaped wooden pot enclosed in a wide-meshed string net, with rounded base and fibre cover, and a globular, straight-necked vessel of black clay with lateral oval aperture, used with the above for fumigating milk ; and a high ring-stand of plaited fibre in which the fumigator is placed (Plate IV, figs. 1 and 2)

700. A small round bowl with looped handle, of black clay, bearing an incised pattern, enclosed in a network of string. Used by women for burning a scented kind of grass for fumigating their bodies (Plate IV, fig. 2 h)

701. A small, fig-shaped gourd with lid, used for ceremonial purposes (Plate IV, fig. 2 e)

702—704. Three small receptacles made of gourds, with burnt-in designs (Plate IV, figs. 2 d, g)

705. A wooden, spoon-shaped butter-dish (1. 5")

* The first of these Balongo is very similar to the Kibuka example figured on Plate III, fig. 3.
706. A wooden butter-measure consisting of a pair of conjoined oval bowls (3" x 3"");
707. A cylindrical wooden case with carved pattern and black bands, for holding needles (Plate IV, fig. 2a);
708. A wooden harp with crescent-shaped ends, concave face and convex back (21" x 10"-4), played by women in private to accompany the love songs sung to their husbands (Plate IV, fig. 3);
709. A bangle and a number of anklets made of elephant’s tail hairs bound spirally with copper and iron wire respectively;
710. A waist-cord of plaited fibre, bearing coloured glass beads, worn by married women;

712. A charm (lucado) enclosed in leather, decorated with fur, shells, and beads, attached to a four-stranded belt of glass beads, worn by women when with child;

713. A head-fillet with glass bead pendants (cult of the god Wamala), worn by priests when ascertaining the diseases of cattle;
714—720. Seven amulets: five in wood, horn, etc. covered with glass beads (gods Wamala, Kyomya, Nakaula, and Nakiruru); and two (god Ibone) consisting of a necklace of reed cylinders, and a pair of double beads made up of two cylinders of reed, both being covered with glass beads;
721—723. Three charms (god Nambaga): horns (two of antelopes and one of buffalo), the ends closed with small plugs of wood: the largest, also used as a medicine horn, has a central, funnel-shaped orifice of iron;
724. An iron knife with long tang (shaped like a ?), and cylindrical wooden handle (1. 19"-4); used both as an implement - and a weapon;
723, 726. Two wooden bows; and
728—732. Five head-dresses, with foundations of matted human hair: one a fillet closely set with black seeds and white shell beads and covered with cock’s hackles; and four skullcaps, three covered with black seed beads coated with red earth, and one (imperfect) with white glass beads. Mtno, Bakedi, Uganda. E. B. Haddon, B.A.

733, 734. A wooden bow, with sinew strand; and a number of arrows with composite wooden shafts, and triangular, and leaf-shaped iron heads;

NORTH.

776. A rough club of walrus bone, used for clubbing seals. Eskimo. Mr W. D. Webster.
777. A small hand-loom, showing a mat of coloured wools in process of manufacture (17" x 17""). Massauke Indians. Miss M. A. Owen.
779. A large, plain, spoon of mountain sheep horn (11"-1 x 3"-7). Norai Indians, Alaska; and

780. Two Haiku spoons of black horn: with plain bowls fastened to curved, taper handles, elaborately carved

781. A small, round basket with flat cover and base (for trinkets), of very finely plaited bark strands, decorated in blue with two bands of fylfots. – Mr H. Stadthagen.
783, 784. Two ‘totem-posts,’ the faces boldly carved with the following symbols: a human figure with uplifted hands (at the base), a whale, a human mask, and a frog, the whole design picked out in red, green and black paint (109" x 10"-3); and an owl, a raven, a beaver, and a frog (136"-5 x 21"). Nootha Indians, Vancouver Island. J. W. L. Glaisner, Sc.D., F.R.S.
785. A trophy, consisting of the skin of the left hand of a Sioux Indian, decorated with feather and cloth ornaments; and a square satchel 20. with suspension loop; and

773. A penaunular bracelet composed of ridged iron beads. (Zulu.) Mrs R. Bosworth Smith. (Nos. 768—772.)
774. A small whistle formed of the tip of a cow’s horn. (Zulu.) M. J. Petty, Esq.
775. A woman’s waist-belt of coloured glass beads, with oblong tags. (Matabele.) Mrs J. W. Clark.
SOUTH.

787. A receptacle for yerba (native tea), in the form of a tapir, made of the hide of the upper part of a cow's foot. Paraguay; and...

788. A roughly decorated mate gourd with white metal mountings; and a bombilla (spoon-strainer) of white metal. Argentine Republic. M. J. Petty, Esq. [Nos 787, 788]

789. A set of reed arrows, feathered and unfeathered, with wooden heads, armed with bone, iron, and string-ray barbs. —— Professor Bevan.

AUSTRALIA.

790. A symbol of mourning, viz.: a cap-like object formed by successive layers of pipe-clay (kaolin), being plastered on the hair during the prescribed period of mourning (Weight 7 1/2 lbs.). Taken off a widow's head, Arunta.

791. A head-fillet, consisting of a many-strand circlet, string, dyed red. ———;

792. A nose-ornament: a bird’s bone, having one end tipped with gum (1. 8”-8).

793. 794. Two necklaces: one single-strand of Bean-tree (Erythrina vesperitilo) seeds, Lee Creek; and one eight-stranded, formed of sections of a reed, with long tines of bark. Eleanor River;

795. A neck-pendant of shell and fur tassels, ———;

796—806. Eleven armlets; four wide, of circular or pointed oval outline, made on a wooden foundation, of bark, fibre, and human hair (two decorated with human hair pendants), Melville Island; one pair cylindrical, of twisted fibre, ; one, a band of plaited reed, coloured red, Elea nor River; and four narrow, of twisted bark on a reed foundation. ——— ———;

807. A waist-belt of bark coloured red (width 3”-8), bearing a design in blue and white. Melville Island;

808—810. Three shoes made of matted emu feathers and human hair string, worn during a Karakata. Arunta;

811. 812. Two wooden objects resembling broad spearheads, with two-sided and one-sided barbs respectively, and pointed tangs (Is. 18”-5 and 24”-6). ? Head ornaments used in dances. ?

813. An ornament, consisting of a bunch of white feathers, with long string pendants. ———;

814—816. Three small openwork string bags with loops: one containing dye-rags for staining boomerangs, etc. ———; and two similar, but larger. Eleanor River;

817. A small round basket of grass, with string loop. ———;

818. 819. Two knives in bark sheaths, with ridged blades of quartzite set in gum handles (Is. 8”-5 and 8”-3). Arunta. R. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 790—819.]

820. A knife similar to the last (1. 10”-6). Arunta. J. B. Andrews, Esq.

821. 822. Two knife-scrapers (dabba); slim pointed sticks with a row of rough quartzite flakes set in gum; one (1.19”-5), with seven teeth (two flakes cut from china telegraph insulators) ; and one (1.19”-5), with two teeth. West Australia; and

823. A double-ended axe, with pointed stick haft, consisting of two stones joined by a wide belt of gum. one provided with a sharp, the other with a blunt, square, edge (1. 12”-4). Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 821—823.]

824. 825. A rough stone axe, painted red and white in a withy haft (1. 8”-8). Point Keats district; and the head of a similar, but better fashioned axe (3”-7 x 3”-1);

826. A fire stick; drill with stick hearth and tinder (a folded piece of bark attached to a split twig). ———;

827. A paddle, with flat, bat-shaped blade painted red (1.48”). Port Darwin district; and

828—830. Three missiles (sticks), for killing small animals; two slim, with conical, sharply pointed heads, covered with longitudinal grooves (one painted); and one with flat, bulbous head and grooved, taper shaft (Is. 19”-3—21”-8). Melville Island. R. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 824—830.]

831 a—g. Seven fragments of pearl-shell, showing the various stages in the manufacture of a shell fish-hook. Queensland. G. J. Banfield, Esq.


833. A replica of a message stick, with burnt-in symbols (1. 6”-5), carved by a native. West Australia. John L. Glascoek, Esq.

834. A flat, elongate bull-roarer, painted red, with both faces carved churinga fashion, with the chunga (Great Lizard, Varanus giganteus) pattern, consisting of concentric ring roundels, and grooved and dotted lines (1. 1”-6). Arunta, (see Veröffentl. Völker-Museum, Frankfurt a. M.—Pt. 1, Pl. 1, fig. 2). It. H. Marten, M.D.

835. A bull-roarer, similar to last, but smaller, with unfinished carving (1. 9”-7). Arunta. J. B. Andrews, Esq.

Fourteen boomerangs, viz.: One ‘ swan-neck ’ form, decorated with grooves. Arunta.

J. B. Andrews, Esq.

837—845. Nine: one with recent burnt-in decoration, and one with convex back, broadly grooved. Arunta; and seven plain (? unfinished). ——— ———;

846—848. Three, with one face plain, flat, the other convex, finely carved with distinctive patterns. Queensland. *Professor Bevan.


850—854. Five spears, with reed shafts and string bound sockets, viz.: two armed with tongue-shaped heads of quartzite, and two with leaf-shaped heads of iron. Daly River; and one with leaf-shaped head of shell. Port Darwin district. R. H. Marten, M.D.

855—857. Three similar to above, with heads of quartzite, shale, and wood respectively. Queensland;

858—861. Four small plain: two slim, cut out of one piece; and two stouter, composite, with reed shafts. ? South Australia; and

862—865. Four composite: one small with plain, taper point; one large, with single bone barb and one, armed with a bunch of sting-ray hones, decorated with red and white bands; and one (? Torres Straits), with three taper points armed with bone. North Queensland. J. B. Andrews, Esq. [855—865.]

866—870. Five: two carved out of the solid and decorated with coloured bands, with both edges of the broad, taper, heads deeply cut so as to form closely-set overlapping bars; one slender, somewhat similar; and two, one stout, and one very slim, with similar bars cut along one edge only. Melville Island; and

871. 872. Two composite, with reed shafts and flat taper heads, bearing short angular bars along both edges. Daly River. B. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 866—872.]

873. One composite, painted, with angular bars along one edge only. ? Melville Island; and

874. 875. Two: one cut out of the solid, with flat lanceo-
late head, painted with white bands, one face having a large wooden barb lashed to it; and one of hard wood, composite, much slimmer, but of similar make. ————. J. B. Andrews, Esq. [Nos. 873—875.]
876—878. Three similar to the last (one without barb). . R. H. Marten, M.D.
879. One cut out of the solid, the taper head armed with a wide, tongue-shaped barb. Central Australia. J. B. Andrews, Esq.
880, 881. Two composite, with triple heads, each point barbed on one side only: one with larger, the other with smaller barbs. Daly River;
882. One composite, with reed shaft, armed with a pair of very long, cylindrical, taper points. Port Darwin district; and
883—887. Five composite, with reed shafts, the heads barbed on one edge, with from five to twenty-five barbs of varying size and form. Northern Territory. R. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 880—887.]
888, 889. Two similar to above. ? Northern Territory. J. B. Andrews, Esq.
890. A bundle of plain reed darts with taper wooden heads. ————. R. H. Marten, M.D.

OCEANIA.

MELANESIA.

NEW GUINEA.
902. The preserved (smoked) head of a Tugeri woman. H. E. Sir William MacGregor, K.C.M.G.
903. A skull, with incised head-hunter’s mark. Fly River. B. H. Marten, M.D.
904. The ‘ pig-tail ’ of a Doriri: a cylinder of hair wrapped in strips of the inner bark of the paper mulberry (1. 45”). Hydrographer’s Range. Guy Manning, Esq.
905. A finely ground adze of jade, mounted in a taper, wooden haft, and finely ground stone head bearing a cup-shaped depression. Humboldt’s Bay, 1895. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 905, 906.]

918—920. Three sword-like clubs of hard wood: two, unusually large, with broad, truncated blades, finely carved (ls. 31”-5 and 37”-3); and one light, elongate, with saw-like edges, and, flat, spoon-shaped tip (1. 25”-1). 921, 922. Two ceremonial staves, carved in hard wood: the cylindrical shafts, with knobbled ends, bear respectively, a four-sided, and a six-sided, raised, ornate band. The heads, decorated in fine openwork carving, shew a pair of conventionalised human figures set back to back, and the shaft of the larger example bears an ornate pair of wing-like projections (ls. 48”-3 and 44”-5); and 923, 924. Two long paddles, with broad, leaf-shaped fag. blades with recurved scroll tips. The lower half of both faces and the handle-ends are finely carved (ls. 77”-5, 76”-2). Trobriand. *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 918—924.]

MATTY ISLAND (Wuwulu).
925—928. Two long weapons, armed with small, flat, beak-shaped blades of turtle-bone, pegged to plain, cylindrical, wooden hafts (ls. 70”-5 and 72”); and two short spears with one-sided, cut-in, barbs. *Professor Bevan.

Six spear-throwers, viz.:
891. One with broad, flat shaft, and oval handle of shell (1. 28”-2). Gulf of Carpentaria. J. B. Andrews, Esq.
892. One thin, curved, flexible, with gum handle (1.49”). Port Darwin; and
893—896. Four: three of oval section with indented hand-grip, two decorated in white. Melville Island; and one (Nulliga), with a tassel of human hair (Waagi). R. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 802—896.]

Three clubs, viz.:
897. One with pointed, oval head, and grip carved with cone-in-cone pattern (1. 23”-3). Western Australia. J. B. Andrews, Esq.
898. One (lionile), of short, pick-axe form, with carved butt-end (1. 23”). Victoria. *Professor Bevan.
899. One, two-handed ‘ sword,’ straight, with cusped handle-end, bearing a painted design (1. 50”-5). ————. B. H. Marten, M.D.
900. An oval shield, with convex face and strap grip, carved in the solid, bearing a rude coloured pattern (28” x 8”-5).

901. Samples of native food, viz.: grass and Bean tree (Erythrina vespertilio) seeds. ————. R. H. Marten, M.D. [Nos. 900, 901.]

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.
ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.
929, 930. Two adzes, with cone-shell blades, attached by rattan coil shaped hafts, with carved butt-ends: one bears a carved, peaked head (1. *Baron Anatole von Hugel.

BISMARCK ARCHIPELAGO.
932 a—c. Three spears; one, with cassowary bone, decorated with shell beads and plait-work. Neu Pommern (New Britain); and 933. A palm-wood club, with elongate, truncated blade and taper haft with triangular grip encased in a woven fibre cover (43”-5 x 2”-8). Neu Mecklenburg (New Ireland). *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 932, 933.]

SOLOMON ISLANDS.
935, 936. Two ceremonial, chief's maces of beautiful work: one (15”-7 x 1”-7), with globular stone head encased in orn wicker-work, has the entire, faceted, taper shaft and handle encrust variously shaped plaques of nautilus shell, Malu (Malaita); and one (2”-9), without a head, bears a more roughly encrusted shaft, and a handle carved with a pair of human heads set back to back. (See, Hugel, -- Man.1908,16). Plate V.
937. A battle-axe, with long, carved and shell-inlaid wooden shaft with an American iron trade axe-blade (1. 50”). Florida;
Nine clubs, viz.:
938, 939. Two long, lanceolate, with ridged faces and medial bead: one, of very fine workmanship (Croton-leaf motive), expands into a rounded, shouldered head, with a grooved edge, and has the taper, square-ended shaft, bound with yellow, criss-cross plait-work, so as to shew on either
Two decorated Maces (chiefs’ insignia) from the Solomon Islands.

No. 935 from the Island of Mala (Malaita), of No. 930 exact origin not known.

Presented, 1907, by A. A. Bevan, M.A., Trinity College, Lord Almoner's Header of Arabic.

Reproduced from Man, 1908: see Hugel, No. 16.)
Two shields (of Florida make with Rubiana shell-decoration). Solomon Islands.

Presented, 1904, by A. A. Bevun, M.A., Trinity College, Lord Almoner’s Header of Arabic.

(Reproduced from *Man*, 1006: see Hugel, No. 21.)
face, seven diamond-shaped openings (60"x4"-6); and one with usual pointed, sharp-sided blade, but with a ridged, pointed butt-end, has the grip bound with coarse yellow plait-work (58"x 3"-3).

940, 941. Two pointed sword-shaped, with sharp edges and medial bead (? fish motive); one broad, with transverse groove across blade, and flat, semi-oval pommel (23"-7 x 4"-9); and one elongate, with transverse bead and expanding (fish-tail) pommel (29" x 3"-8); and

942, 943. Two, a larger and a smaller of identical design; taper, with truncated heads of oval section and cylindrical, moulded butts. A carved band with central bead encircles the heads from which a short, beaded, beak-like ridge runs down either (imperfect x 2"-8 and 42"-5 x 2"-2). Mala;

944, 945. Two paddle-shaped, with pointed oval heads, and straight, pointed shafts (47"-3x5"-9 and 47"x4"-6). Guadalcanar;

946. One scythe-shaped, with broad, beaded blade and pointed, ferule-like butt-end (1. 50"-5). San Cristobal;

947—950. Three bows of various dimensions; and a number of arrows, with reed shafts (some incised), and plain and carved wooden heads. .......................... ;

951. A pointed-oval, flat wicker-work shield, the ends decorated in black with a bold, interwoven pattern (36" 7 x 10"-8). Florida;

952. A palm-wood comb of triangular form, decorated with coloured plait-work. Guadalcanar;

953. A pair of armlets: broad bands of pandanus leaf stained red, edged with white shell beads and porpoise teeth, and bearing central roundels of white shell and transverse strings of shell beads. ..........................

954. A stout, wide armlet, with flat faces and sides, ground of tridacna shell (d. 4"-4). .......................... *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 935—954.]


956. A dance-paddle in light wood, one face of the flat, leaf-shaped blade carved with a human mask (1. 63"-5). Buka; and

957—959. Three paddles: one plain with small, rounded blade and crescent-shaped handle (48"-8 x 6"-5). .......................... ; one with broad, leaf-shaped blade, decorated with black incised bands, and tips of the Sat, crescent handle carved with human heads (49" x 5"-8); and one of unusual form, of light wood, with flat oval blade, painted in black and red with a star pattern, within a marginal band shewing a bird motive. The cross-handle is of dumb-bell form (44 2" x 7"-3). Isabel. *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 956—959.]

960. A hammer (used for cracking nuts), with pear-shaped, ground pearl-head, attached, by a plated belt, to a springy cane shaft (1. 14"-5). Ruviana. * Baron Anatole von Hugel.  

SANTA CRUZ ISLANDS.

961. An openwork, oblong basket of palm-leaf, filled with small nuts; and

962. A plain arrow, with reed shaft and wooden head. Nitendi. John J. Jennings, Esq. [Nos. 961, 962.]

963. A number of poisoned arrows, with plain and carved wooden heads;

964. 965. Two necklets of pink shell; one composed of roughly squared plates; the other of ground discs, with centre and ends of black seeds and white shell discs; and

966. A ten-strand waist-belt: black shell beads threaded through eight wooden stays, forming three panels set with a double row of red shell beads, etc. *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 963-966.]

NEW HEBRIDES.

970—972. Three clubs: one cylindrical, with truncated head surmounted by a conical point, and beaded, taper grip bound with fibre braid (47"-7 x 2"-7). Arag (Pentecost Is.); and one, heavy, paddle-shaped, with bat-shaped blade, the convex faces decorated with a medial bead, bent at an acute angle (44"x3"-9); and one spindle-shaped, with disc butt-end bearing a raised device (L. 39"-5). *Professor Bevan.

973—975. Three arrows (one feathered), with reed shafts, and long, pointed wooden heads: Tabunamalo, Espiritu Santo; and two plain. *Vate; and

976. A small adze, with rough iron blade (1. 13"-2). Malekula. John J. Jennings, Esq. [Nos. 973—976.]

NEW CALEDONIA.

977. A short, slim spear with plain wooden head and taper shaft, bound with flying-fox wool. *Professor Bevan.

FIJI.

978—979. Two horned clubs, the head of one carved with an unusual pattern of grooved bands (1. 37"-3); and

980, 981. Two bows. The Rev. C. Taylor, D.D., Master of St John's College. [No 978—981.]

J. Jennings, Esq.

POLYNESIA.

NEW ZEALAND.

967. A tewhatewha of light wood, with lower end of shaft carved with a band, set with four roundels of haliotis shell (l. 50"-5);

982, 983. Two clubs; one paddle-shaped, with carved blade and neck (1. 43"-3); and one elongate, with ridged faces and straight sides carved with eight triangular teeth (l. 49") and

984, 985. Two plain tewhatewha clubs; one of horse-hair, and one of coconut fibre. *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 982—985.]

SOUTH TONGA.

986, 987. Two spears with serrated blades of hard wood, a smooth handle bound with fibre; and one of protruding edges, with flattened blade, and handle carved with a raised device (L. 11"-4); blade, 54"-5x12";); and one thick, with narrow, lanceolate blade, and closely set serrations (l. 101"-5; b. 45"-3-5); and

SAMOA (NAVIGATOR) ISLANDS.

982, 983. Two clubs; one paddle-shaped, with carved blade and neck (1. 43"-3); and one elongate, with ridged faces and straight sides carved with eight triangular teeth (l. 49") and

984, 985. Two plain tewhatewha clubs; one of horse-hair, and one of coconut fibre. *Professor Bevan. [Nos. 982—985.]

BANKS ISLANDS.

967. A ceremonial dance-costume: the tall head dress of wicker-work coated with resin and covered with moss, is surmounted by a double, serrated, crest of pihi, and has the base painted with a large pair of eyes, and fringed with plaited palm-leaf (h. 36"); and the fringe-dress consists of long, overlapping strips of pandanus leaf (l. 36"). Mrs H. K. Pry and Miss Selwyn.

968, 969. Two reed arrows, with barbed wooden heads. John
992. Tangia (a God: the progenitor of the Mangaians): a doll-like figure, with cylindrical trunk, large head, and small arms and legs, entirely swathed in bands of white bark cloth, decorated with upstanding tufts of tail-feathers of the Tropic bird (1. 13\textdegree). This object was obtained in Mangaia about 1822 by the Rev. John cone-in-cone fashion (butt missing). Tahiti. 

993. Oro, the God of War. A truncheon-shaped object, with rounded head, and straight sides tapering to the base, which is provided with a rounded wooden knob. The outer covering of closely woven, fine sinnet, shewing alternate, light and dark encircling bands, has one face decorated in relief with six longitudinal rays composed of sinnet twist, the centre being crossed X wise by two similar rays. Above these, rudely represented in similar material, are the eyes, nose and ears of a human mask (18\textdegree 9 x 3\textdegree 5); and a pair of solid, oblong supports of similar teeth, viz.:

- A pillow of bread-fruit tree wood, with broad, square-ended, concave rest, and a pair of solid, oblong supports of similar width (9\textdegree 3 x 4\textdegree 6). (Bennet Coll.);
- A spear, cut out of hard wood, with taper cylindrical shaft, taper neck, and slim head carved with five rows of barbs, cone-in-cone fashion (butt missing). Tahiti. *Professor Revan. (Nos. 993—995.)

MICRONESIA. GILBERT ISLANDS. 

A set of weapons of coconut palm wood, armed with shark's teeth, viz.:

994. A pillow of bread-fruit-tree wood, with broad, square-ended, concave rest, and a pair of solid, oblong supports of similar width (9\textdegree 3 x 4\textdegree 6). (Bennet Coll.); and


CAROLINE ISLANDS.

996—998. Three: two taper, with long, cylindrical shafts, the grooved edge of the beaded blades set with teeth: one (total 1. 162\textdegree; blade 78\textdegree x 2\textdegree 7) with narrow blade, provided with spindle-shaped wooden guard; and one (total 1. 107\textdegree; blade 48\textdegree 5 x 5\textdegree 3) with very prominent bead, starting from a bold collar, with basal teeth replaced by a pair of narrow wooden flanges; and one (total 1. 161\textdegree; blade 93\textdegree x 3\textdegree 3) of drift-wood (pine), with keeled blade, and flattened shaft, has the neck and point wrapped with pandanus leaf stitched in human hair, the point of no. 997 being similarly decorated;

999—1007. Nine swords: five of cylindrical section set with four rows of teeth, (4\textdegree 6 x 14\textdegree, etc.) have double guards, and one (1. 44\textdegree 5) slim and taper (neatly fashioned) without guards, has the neck of the longhaft bound with hair-string and stitched leaf; one of oval section has a pair of single guards; and three: one (52\textdegree 5 x 2\textdegree 8) with large, wide taper blade set with small teeth, fastened by cross-lashings, is bound with four bands of string and pandanus leaf, and the long, rounded hilt, ends in a flat pommel ("Kingsmill"); and two curved (Is. 25\textdegree 5 and 31\textdegree), have ridged and beaded faces and conical pommels; and

1008—1011. Four daggers with beaded faces: three with slightly curved blades, one (1. 14\textdegree) with carved handle; and one (1. 16\textdegree 7) straight, with beaded face, and sinnet-bound taper handle. *Professor Revan. (Nos. 996—1011.); and

1012. One spear: slim, cylindrical, of coconut palm, armed on two opposite faces from the point downwards for eight feet, and for two short lengths on the other faces, with a line of small teeth, attached by transverse lashings. Three small, sickle-shaped, armed, wooden blades are lashed with shark's skin at regular intervals to the bead, so as to project point upwards beyond one of the armed sides. Kingsmill Is. W. H. D. Rousse, Litt.D.


1029. Note sur un Trisor de Deuiers Romains trouv£ en 1901 aux environs de Nice. Par A. Guéhard. (S. P. Compte rendu du Premier Congres pre- historique de France. Perigieux, 1905.) 8vo.; and

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Mitcham, Surrey. By HAROLD F. BEDDIER; with Notes on the Crania and Bones found there by W. L. II. DUCKWORTH, M.D., Sc.D. (S. P. Archaeologia, 1906.) 4to. The Author.


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10. MUSEUM PUBLICATIONS.


11. REPORTS.


V. PHOTOGRAPHS, PRINTS, AND DRAWINGS.

1297. One, 4"x5.6"x5. of three tri lobed bronze fibula in the Christiania Museum. Prof. Dr Gudstafson.

1298. Four, 7" x 5", of a statue in " faience enameled," supposed to represent Marguerite de Valois, wife of Henri IV. In the possession of the donor Mrs Edw Mason.

1299. One, 9"x6.5", of an inscribed clunch column, found in the brick-work lining of a well in King’s Lane, Cambridge, 1907. Professor Hughes, F.R.S.

1300. Two, 6" x 4").. of a 13th century stone coffin, discovered at Thetford, Norfolk, July 1907. C.A.S.
VI. MAPS.

Herbert George Fordham. (Congres de Gand, 1907.)
8vo. The Author.

2. List of Objects received on Deposit from January 1 to December 31, 1907.

1. A cap of black silk trimmed with black fur; and a sleeveless tunic of black stuff, trimmed with red. Pekin, 1900. Lieutenant H. B. Cheyne, 1st Cavalry, J.A.

2. A large, finely modelled food-bowl, of blackened wood inlaid with troehus and nautilus shell plaques, of the frigate- bird and dolphin type: the bird being shewn with outspread wings, resting on a flat, fish-shaped base (75 x 25 x 7). Gattukai.

3. A straight club (with keeled shaft of oval section, expanding towards the pointed, conical head) covered with cane strips and lashing, with wicker-work, loop handle (34 x 8 x 5 7). Choiseul, Solomon Islands; and

4. Two paddles with bat-shaped blades and crescent handles, the horns of one terminating in human masks (54 x 6 and 55 2).

5. Two paddles with bat-shaped blades and crescent handles, the horns of one terminating in human masks (54 x 6 and 55 2).

6. An oblong shield of reeds, bound with transverse cane strips and lashing, with wicker-work, loop handle (34 x 8 x 5 7). Choiseul, Solomon Islands; and

7. A painted, canoe-shaped club bearing a fibre fringe and bunches of seed rattles (1. 31 5). Santa Cruz Islands.

8. A painted, canoe-shaped club bearing a fibre fringe and bunches of seed rattles (1. 31 5). Santa Cruz Islands. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

9—11. Three bows, one, the longest (1. 79 5), bearing carved ends. Tonga. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

10. A large, finely modelled food-bowl, of blackened wood inlaid with troehus and nautilus shell plaques, of the frigate- bird and dolphin type: the bird being shewn with outspread wings, resting on a flat, fish-shaped base (75 x 25 x 7). Gattukai.

11. Two, the longest (1. 79 5), bearing carved ends. Tonga. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

12. Two, the longest (1. 79 5), bearing carved ends. Tonga. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

13. A detailed plan, 45 5 x 35 5, of the King’s Enclosure, Kamapala, Uganda. Drawn by the donor Sir Apolo Kagwa, K.C.M.G.

14. A series of thirty-one views, 9 x 11, mounted, of McGill University, Montreal, Canada. By W. Gourlie Blackie. Donald MacAlister. M.D.

15. A cap of black silk trimmed with black fur; and a sleeveless tunic of black stuff, trimmed with red. Pekin, 1900. Lieutenant H. B. Cheyne, 1st Cavalry, J.A.

16. A large, finely modelled food-bowl, of blackened wood inlaid with troehus and nautilus shell plaques, of the frigate- bird and dolphin type: the bird being shewn with outspread wings, resting on a flat, fish-shaped base (75 x 25 x 7). Gattukai.

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19. Two, the longest (1. 79 5), bearing carved ends. Tonga. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

20. A large, finely modelled food-bowl, of blackened wood inlaid with troehus and nautilus shell plaques, of the frigate- bird and dolphin type: the bird being shewn with outspread wings, resting on a flat, fish-shaped base (75 x 25 x 7). Gattukai.

21. Two, the longest (1. 79 5), bearing carved ends. Tonga. *Baron Anatole von Hugel. [Nos. 8—11.]

22. A painted, canoe-shaped club bearing a fibre fringe and bunches of seed rattles (1. 31 5). Santa Cruz Islands.

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26. An oblong shield of reeds, bound with transverse cane strips and lashing, with wicker-work, loop handle (34 x 8 x 5 7). Choiseul, Solomon Islands; and

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